# Exercises about Windows Forms and WPF

* Solve them in Visual Studio.

## Exercise 16.01

* Create a Windows Forms or a WPF application.

There are a lot of examples where a form is used. Most examples do have a Windows Forms version and a WPF version.

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|  | Recreate the examples from scratch.  This can be very time consuming, so do these exercises for the functionalities that you want to exercise.  The layout hasn’t to be pixel perfect, but the naming of the controls / elements and the functionality must be correct.  Don’t do exercises where you don’t learn anything, except if you want to get routine in how to do things. |
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### The list is very long

* 00001-d SimpleProject.zip.
* 00002-a FirstForm.zip.
* 00002-b FirstSolution.zip.
* 00002-c Program.zip.
* 00006e ConstantTester.zip.
* 00010-r Factorial.zip.
* 00010-s Overload.zip.
* …
* Everything in 00060 (only WPF) (some are very advanced)

## Exercise 16.02

* Create a Windows Forms or a WPF application.
* Create a form with 4 components.
  + Every component must have a good name.
  + 1 textbox (To type text in).
  + 2 buttons (To click on).
  + 1 label (To show the result).
* In the textbox you can type text, multiple lines even with hard returns (enters) in it.
* One button, takes that typed text and saves it to a file (somewhere on your hard disk)
* The other button, reads the content of that saved file and shows it on the label.

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|  | You are responsible for clean code, if you have code and for the classes, if you have classes.  The general rule is, that every change can be done at one place.  Make sure that your application is monkey proof. I will try to break your application.  For example:   * I will hit the button that reads the text, even if the file is not there. |
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### Variant 1

* Add a textbox, where you can enter the full path of the text file.

## Exercise 16.03

* The starting point is 00060-g WindowTracker.zip.
  + A window with 2 buttons.
  + Clicking on one button, creates a new window.
  + Clicking the other button, changes the content of all started windows.

### Variant 1

* Change a WPF application.
* The title (caption) of created windows must contain a timestamp when the window was created.
* In the content of the created window, you also show how many times, the time has been refreshed on that window.
  + Attention point: This can be different for the windows.

#### This is what I will do to test

* I start the application.
* I create several windows.
* I refresh the time.
* I create several windows.
* I will stop some windows.
  + Will this work without finding a solution for variant 2?
  + Why will it (not) work?
* I refresh the time.

### Variant 2

* When you close a created window, it must be removed from the list of started windows.
  + Tip: Working with a list is not the best option here
    - There are structures / data types that are better suited for this kind of functionality.

## Exercise 16.04

* The starting point is 00060-k Multithreading.zip.
  + An application that has 2 threads and you can cancel the action of the thread with a Cancel button.
* Create a new example, but only with the minimum amount of code you need to have a working example.
* In your future programming, you will encounter this pattern a lot.
* The goal is to have a minimum starting point to build the other projects on. A kind of template.

### Variant 1

* The work can be a counter, till 500.000.000.
* The moment you click “Cancel” the value of the counter can be displayed on the form.
* The progress bar can be progressing very slowly, every time you count passes 5.000.000, a percent is added to the progress bar.
  + This result resembles a lot to 00060-i BackgroundWorker, but has a progress bar.
  + This example uses the WorkerReportsProgress property, while the Dispatcher is used in 00060-i BackgroundWorker.

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|  | Study the different way of working.   * Using the Dispatcher. * Using the WorkerReportsProgress Property. |
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### Variant 2

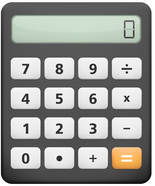
* Experiment with this pattern.
  + By trying to add a second BackgroundWorker element.
* Check which task is finished first.
* And so on …

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|  | This is a basic pattern used in games.  You are a game character (Object) and you are shot (Event)   * You are bleeding (in the background) * You are trying to heal yourself (in the background)   What happens first? You are bleeding to death or you are healed. |
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### Variant 3

* Rewrite 00060-i BackgroundWorker, but use the property WorkerReportsProgress instead of the Dispatcher.

## Exercise 16.05

We create the basic functionality of an easy calculator.

How it looks is not important, make that you can calculate with it, according to the asked specifications.

### Basic functionality (simplified)

* You click on numbers to type a number (decimals are possible).
* Then you click “division”, “multiplication”, “minus” or “add”.
* You click on numbers to type another number (decimals are possible).
* Then you hit “=”.
* You see the result.
  + This result disappears the moment you start clicking on another button.

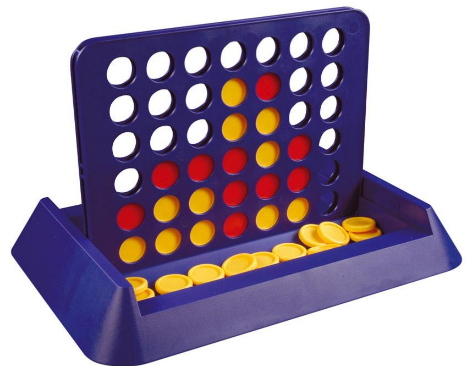
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|  | All buttons should trigger the same event.  Meaning. There is only one method that is starting point for all clicks. Submethods are possible, but only one method is handling the click of the buttons.  Think: Bubbling up. |
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### Variant 1

* When the calculator has its basic functionality, you invent other functionality.
* This can be a very lengthy style exercise.
* Mention what your goal is in the comment of your code, then execute.

## Exercise 16.06

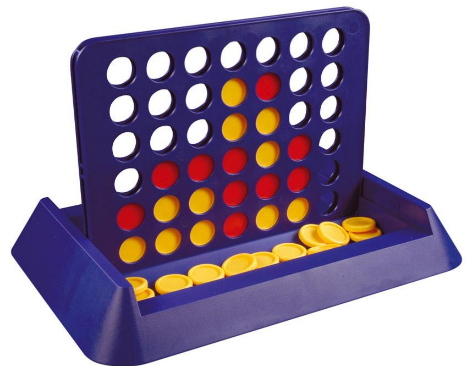
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|  | This exercise will take time. So manage your time, do the stuff where you learn something.  First on paper, comment what you want to do first, before you start implementing. |
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Create the game: “Four in a row”.

* There is a grid 7 wide and 6 high.
  + Find out for yourself what are the best controls do handles this.
* There are 2 colours.
* Randomly a colour begins.
* When you click on a column, that colour falls down till the lowest empty position.
* Then you switch colours.
* The game is finished when there are 4 stones of the same colour in the same row, column or diagonal.

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|  | Solutions can be found on the internet, but they are more complicated than asked in this exercise.  For example: https://github.com/rinaok/4\_in\_a\_row.  Make sure you understand what happens in the code, when you Copy Paste code. Downloading this code, has already a problem at the start 😊.  Try to find a solution and implementation by yourself, but looking at examples will help you on the thinking process. |
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## Exercise 16.07

Building further on: “Four in a row”.

* The previous exercise must not be finished to tackle this problem.
* Create a custom command in your application that can be triggered in 3 ways
  + Reset the game with a menu.
  + Reset the game with a button.
  + Reset the game with a key combination.

### What is resetting the game?

* The game is reset to its starting position.
* Empty board.
* A chosen default starting colour.

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|  | All ingredients (tools) to do this can be found in example.  00060-n ApplicationAndCustomCommands.zip  The only thing that is different is the action bound to the menu, button and key combination. |
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## Exercise 16.08

Starting point is 00062-g WPFImage.zip.

In this WPF screen, you have 3 images, every image contains another picture, and by clicking it, the visibility of the images is changed.

So clicking on a picture, makes another picture visible.

### Your task: Making a variant

Let there be only one picture, but clicking it changes the source of the picture.

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|  | Every resource needed can be found in the resources directory.  There is also in the Properties directory a class where you have properties defined towards the 3 resources.  Try to find a working solution on internet and implement it in this exercise.  Test your stuff, before you send it to me. |
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## Exercise 16.09

Starting point is 00062-i WPFSlider.zip.

In this WPF screen, you have 4 sliders. With the 4 sliders, you can change the colour of a rectangle.

### Your task: Making a variant

Use for the 4 sliders, the same event.

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|  | At the moment every slider has a different event.  There are several different solutions to implement this.  Test your stuff, before you send it to me. |
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